

Họ và tên:

Số báo danh: Mã đề 468

Listening: Listen to an announcement and choose the correct word/ phrase to fill in the gaps in each of the following sentences.

Question 1. The Statue of Liberty is in.....

A. the centre of New York City

B. the city of New York City

C. the suburbs of New York City

D. New York Harbour

Question 2. The Statue was made by.....

A. the Canadian

B. the French

C. Americans

D. the British

Question 3. The Statue was completed in.....

A. 1886

B. 1884

C. 1866

D. 1848

Question 4. How high is the Statue?

A. 46 metres

B. 40 metres

C. 48 metres

D. 44 metres

Question 5. Tourists can visit the Statue.....

A. every day, including Saturday, Sunday

B. every day, but not on Christmas Day

C. every day, except Sunday

D. every day, including Christmas Day

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 6 to 9.

Louis Braille was born in 1809 in Coupvray. He was a French teacher of the blind. He himself was blind from the age of three, and in 1818 he (6)_____ to the National Institute for the Young Blind in Paris. Soon showing marked ability in both (7)_____ and music, he became famous in Paris as an organist and violoncellist. In 1826 Braille began (8)_____ the blind in the institute. Braille is known for his idea of modifying the Barbier “point writing” system, used for coded army messages, to enable the blind to read. Point writing consists (9)_____ embossed dots and dashes on cardboard; the Braille system derived from it is used successfully today, in slightly modified form, and in many countries.

Question 6. A. has gone

B. goes

C. went

D. was going

Question 7. A. science

B. scientist

C. scientific

D. scientists

Question 8. A. to teaching

B. teaching

C. teaches

D. taught

Question 9. A. with

B. to

C. of

D. on

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 10. _____ I first met my girlfriend.

A. It was London which

B. It was in London that

C. It was London that

D. It was in London where

Question 11. “I haven’t enjoyed myself so much for years” is _____.

A. It’s years since I have enjoyed myself so much.

B. It has been years since I have enjoyed myself so much.

C. It has been years since I had enjoyed myself so much.

D. It’s years since I enjoyed myself so much.

Question 12. You _____ wash those glasses. They are clean.

A. mustn’t

B. must

C. have to

D. don’t have to

Question 13. This special school helps students with _____ impairment to learn Braille.

- A. speech B. cognitive C. visual D. physical

Question 14. She was able _____ English when she was very young.

- A. singing B. sing C. to sing D. sang

Question 15. No one can prevent us _____ doing good things.

- A. with B. from C. of D. on

Question 16. This perfume _____ amazing. I'll buy it for my mum's birthday.

- A. smells B. sounds C. feels D. looks

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 17 to 20.

On 8 August 1967, five leaders - the Foreign Ministers of Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore and Thailand- sat down together in the main hall of the Department of Foreign Affairs building in Bangkok, Thailand and signed a document. By virtue of that document, the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) was born. The five Foreign Ministers who signed **it** have been considered as the founders of probably the most successful intergovernmental organization in the developing world today. The document that they signed would be known as the ASEAN Declaration.

It is a short, simply-worded document containing just five articles. It declares the establishment of an Association for Regional Cooperation among the Countries of Southeast Asia to be known as the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) and spells out the aims and purposes of that Association. These aims and purposes are about the cooperation in economy, society, culture, techniques, education and other fields, and in the promotion of regional peace and stability through abiding respect for justice and the principles of the United Nations Charter. It stipulates that the Association will be open for participation by all States in the Southeast Asian region subscribing to its aims, principles and purposes. It proclaims ASEAN as representing the collective will of the nations of Southeast Asia to bind themselves together in friendship and cooperation and, through joint efforts and sacrifices, secure for their peoples and for posterity the blessings of peace, freedom and prosperity. The goal of ASEAN, then, is to create, not to destroy.

Question 17. The Association of Southeast Asian Nations _____.

- A. was founded on 8 August 1967
B. consists of some Western nations
C. was established by the Minister of the Department of Foreign Affairs of Thailand
D. was established by the Philippines

Question 18. The pronoun **it** in the first paragraph refers to _____.

- A. the most successful inter-governmental organization
B. Bangkok
C. the ASEAN Declaration
D. the Association of Southeast Asian Nations

Question 19. Which adjective can be used to describe the Association of Southeast Asian Nations?

- A. illegal B. developing
C. successful D. nongovernmental

Question 20. Which does not belong to the purpose and aim of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations?

- A. creation B. cooperation C. friendship D. destruction

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 21. - Phuong: Can I try your new camera?

- Linh: _____.

- A. I'm sorry. I'm home late B. I'm sorry I can't. Let's go now

